## Fiscal Estimate - 2013 Session

	Original		Updated		Corrected		Supplei	mental			
LRB	Number	13-1065/2		Introd	duction Nu	ımber A	AB-038	7			
Description  Age at which a person who is alleged to have violated a criminal law, a civil law, or a municipal ordinance and who is not alleged to have committed certain violent offences or has not previously been convicted of a crime or adjudicated delinquent is subject to juvenile court jurisdiction											
Fiscal	Effect										
	January 1	Existing ions Existing	☐ Increase Revenue: ☐ Decrease Revenue:	s Existing	to	crease Costs absorb with Yes ecrease Cos	in agency				
No Local Government Costs          □ No Local Government Costs         □ Indeterminate         □ Increase Costs         □ Permissive □ Mandatory         □ Permissive □ Mandatory         □ Decrease Costs         □ Decrease Costs         □ Permissive □ Mandatory         □ Permissive □ Mandatory         □ Permissive □ Mandatory         □ Districts         □ Di											
Fund	Sources Affe		PRS SEG	S 🔲 SI	Affected EGS 20.550(1	d <b>Ch. 20 App</b> 1)(b), 20.550	•				
Agen	cy/Prepared	Ву	Aut	horized	Signature	<u> </u>		Date			
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## Fiscal Estimate Narratives SPD 7/16/2013

LRB Number	13-1065/2	Introduction Number	AB-0387	Estimate Type	Original
Description					

Age at which a person who is alleged to have violated a criminal law, a civil law, or a municipal ordinance and who is not alleged to have committed certain violent offences or has not previously been convicted of a crime or adjudicated delinquent is subject to juvenile court jurisdiction

## **Assumptions Used in Arriving at Fiscal Estimate**

The State Public Defender (SPD) is statutorily authorized and required to appoint attorneys to represent indigent defendants in criminal and certain commitment proceedings. The SPD plays a critical role in ensuring that the Wisconsin justice system complies with the right to counsel provided by both the state and federal constitutions. Any legislation has the potential to increase SPD costs if it creates a new criminal offense, expands the definition of an existing criminal offense, or increases the penalties for an existing offense.

This bill raises the age from 17 to 18, with some exceptions, the age at which a defendant is treated as a juvenile versus an adult in the criminal justice system. Exceptions include when the defendant has previously been adjudicated delinquent, when the defendant has previously been convicted of an adult crime, or when the present charge is considered a serious offense as defined by the bill.

The SPD currently provides representation for defendants in all of these case types. The SPD's average cost to provide representation with a private bar attorney in a juvenile case was \$189.21, calculated on the basis of the SPD's average cost per case in fiscal year 2013. The comparable adult case type average in a misdemeanor case was \$247.54. The SPD's average cost to provide representation with a private bar attorney in a felony juvenile case was \$418.24, calculated on the basis of the SPD's average cost per case in fiscal year 2013. The comparable adult case type average in a felony case was \$556.21.

It is impossible to quantify, but based on average cost per case type of adult versus juvenile, there would likely be a cost savings for cases in which the defendant is treated as a juvenile under this bill rather than an adult under current statute.

This bill could also have a fiscal impact on counties. There are some defendants who, despite exceeding the SPD's statutory financial guidelines, are constitutionally eligible for appointment of counsel because it would be a substantial hardship for them to retain an attorney. The court is required to appoint counsel at county expense for these defendants.

## **Long-Range Fiscal Implications**